36-303: Sampling, Surveys and Society

Midterm Review
Brian W. Junker
132E Baker Hall
brian@stat.cmu.edu

Handouts, Etc.

- Handouts:
 - These Lecture Notes
 - Formula Sheet for Exam
- HW solutions are finally up on website
 - Sorry for the delays!
- Turn in I.4 and TWA's today
 - No feedback on I.3 sorry!
 - Cumulative feedback on I.3 and I.4 later this week

Outline

- Review For Midterm Exam
 - Thurs Feb 17, 2011
 - Closed book, closed notes
 - Formula sheet provided; calculator encouraged!
- Team Project Status
 - Where everyone is now
 - Review requirements 'till Spring Break

Review: Major Components of a Survey

- Research Objectives
 - Research Questions
 - Constructs
- Target Population
- Mode of Data Collection
 - FTF, Phone, Mail, Email/Web, ...
- Sampling Frame
- Random Sample "Not random? Where's the Bias?"
- Measurement (e.g. Survey Questions)
- Nonresponse
 - Response Rate
 - (Self-)Selection bias
 - Following up nonrespondents
- Coding, Editing, Analyzing, Reporting

Measurement Quality

- Validity (low bias) Are the answers giving us information about our research question?
- Reliability (low variability) Do two people with the same status (opinion, income, etc.) give the same answer?
- Question Design see below
- Processing & Coding Errors

Representation Quality

- Coverage Error How well does the Sampling Frame cover the Target Population?
- Sampling Error
 - Bias Reduce with random sample, high response rate r/n
 - Variability Reduce with larger <u>sampling fraction</u> n/N
- Nonresponse Error
 - Response Rate
 - (Self-)Selection bias
 - Following up nonrespondents
- Adjustment Error (weights)

Methods of Data Collection

For human surveys:

- Affordable? Believable Results? Coverage? Response Rates?
- Face to face (FTF)
- Telephone
- Mail
- Email/Web

Response Rates r/n (number of responses / number asked):

 Suggest at least 50% (more like 70%) response rate, to make "representativeness" argument easy

□ FTF 70% or greater

□ Telephone 20-70%

□ Mail 30%

□ Email/Web 20-30%

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Questions and Answers

- Define what you want to measure
 - Make sure research question is well focused
- Design the questions around that
- Pretest every revision
 - Does respondent understand question?
 - Can respondent recall relevant information?
 - Can respondent combine, edit relevant info?
 - Does respondent accurately report answer?
 Experts, Cog Interviews & Focus Gps, Field Tests

Questions and Answers – Some Pointers

- Simple Language
- Common Concepts
- Manageable Tasks (shared definitions, recall, hypotheticals)
- Widespread Information
- Specific vs General Questions
- Question Order
- Open vs Closed Questions
- Likert (agree/disagree) vs Forced-Choice
- Question Wording; Loading
- Pleasing the Interviewer (socially desirable answers)
- Pretest, pretest, pretest

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Ethics

- Fabrication, Falsification, Plagiarism
- Responsibilities to clients manageable projects;
 report & correct errors
- Reporting to the public
 - Who sponsored it, who carried it out
 - The exact wording of questions
 - Target population, sampling frame, sampling method, response rates, nonresponse followup
 - Sample size, precision (SE) of estimates, which results are based on only part of sample
 - Method, location, dates of data collection

Ethics (2)

- Legal obligations to respondents IRB
 - Risk/Benefit tradeoffs
 - Informed Consent
- Ethical obligations to respondents
 - Beneficence
 - Justice
 - Respect for Persons
 - Informed Consent
- Informed Consent
 - Purpose
 - Risks/Benefits
 - Confidentiality
 - Compensation for harm
 - Contact info for any questions
 - Participation is voluntary

- Confidentiality
 - Respect for persons;
 Sensitive information
 - Threats to confidentiality
 - Carelessness
 - Open gov't laws
 - Statistical disclosure

Statistics for Surveys

- Review:
 - Discrete RV's
 - Expected Value, Mean, Varaince
 - Covariance and Independence
 - Linear Combinations
 - SRS with replacement:
 - CLT, Confidence Interval, Sample Size ...
 - Conditioning

Statistics for Surveys (2)

Urn Models

- SRS with replacement (<u>elementary statistics</u>: the urn never changes)
- SRS w/o replacement (<u>survey sampling</u>: the urn changes after every draw)
 - SE's are smaller than for SRS with replacement
 - CLT doesn't work for all "large enough" sample sizes
 - □ n>20 or so seems to be important, as usual
 - □ n/N > 0.8 or 0.9 and things start getting bad again

Statistics for Surveys (3)

- Finite Population Correction (FPC)
 - Data y_i are fixed;
 - Sampling indicators Z_i are random
 - Leads to FPC:

$$SE_{(SRS\ w/o\ repl)} = \sqrt{1-f} \times SE_{(SRS\ with\ repl)}$$

where

$$f = n/N$$

(what would we do with this?)

Statistics for Surveys (4)

Sample size calculation, SRS with replacement

$$n \ge n_0$$
, where $n_0 = \frac{z_{\alpha/2}^2 (SD)^2}{(ME)^2}$

Sample size calculation, SRS without replacement

$$n \ge \frac{Nn_0}{N + n_0}$$
, where $n_0 = \frac{z_{\alpha/2}^2 (SD)^2}{(ME)^2}$

Project Topics Chosen (1)

- What Determines Student Involvement at Carnegie Mellon?
- Survey of Carnegie Mellon Faculty Regarding Class Attendance and Student Performance
- College Students' Attitudes Towards Alcoholic Energy Drinks
- Students' Change of Majors How Much, To What, And Why?
- School Children's Familiarity With Architecture Concepts

Project Topics Chosen (2)

- Analysis of Carnegie Mellon Undergrad
 Prospects After Graduation
- Faculty Attitudes Toward Plus/Minus Grading at CMU
- Student Consumption and Perception of Caffeine Consumption on Campus
- Accuracy of Pittsburgh Bus Schedules around Carnegie Mellon

Team Project Status: Going Forward

- All but one project are on-campus
 - 3 email/web-page surveys of students
 - 2 email/FtF surveys of faculty
 - 1 MOS survey, 1 Observational survey, 1 Admin Records survey
 - 1 off-campus study of school children
- Topics range from moderately to very interesting; all are doable; most are "actionable"
- Going forward: Very good methods and execution.
 - Well-focused research question(s)
 - Well-defined target population, sampling frame
 - Clear plan for random sampling or equivalent
 - Clear plan for nonresponse followup
 - Well-designed and pre-tested survey questions
 - Clear statistical analysis
 - Clear, thoughtful scientific writeup

Team Assignments – So Far

- Revised Project Schedule at <u>http://www.stat.cmu.edu/~brian/303</u>
- I.0 Teams Formed (Tue Jan 19)
- I.1 Propose Two Topics (Tue Jan 26)
- I.2 Revise proposas (Thu Feb 4)
- I.3 Choose Topic (Thu Feb 11)
- I.4 Target Pop, Sampling Frame, Mode of Data Collection, Nonresponse Plan (Today, Tue Feb 15)

Team Working Agreements (Today, Tue Feb 15)

Team Assignments – 'Till Spr. Break

- II.5a. Sampling Scheme & Question Design (Thu Feb 24)
 - Items K, L, M on "designing a sample survey" handout
- II.5b. Pretest & Revise Questions (Tue Mar 1)
 - Items N, O on "designing a sample survey" handout
- II.6. Final IRB & Project Plan (Thu Mar 3);
 - Final, full project proposal (items A-M on the "designing a sample survey" handout).
 - IRB forms filled out completely.
 - A draft informed consent statement for your survey.
 Turn in all three to me, not CMU IRB.
- EACH ASSIGNMENT ABOVE TURN IN BY EMAIL

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