
36-617: Applied Linear Models

Organizing Empirical Papers and Reports

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Outline

- IMRAD – A canonical way to organize empirical papers & reports
 - More information on IMRAD
- From IMRAD to IDMRAD
 - The Technical Appendix
- Example: Menu Pricing in New York City
- Citations and References: ASA Style!
- General Organizational Advice
- *Read Ch 3 of Sheather for next week.*
 - Reading quiz next Monday.
 - HW02 out later today.

IMRAD – A canonical way to organize empirical papers & reports

- Abstract
 - Summarize I, M, R and D of paper
- (I)ntroduction
 - Why would anyone want to read this paper?
 - What questions will be addressed?
- (M)ethods
 - What did you do, to address these questions?
- (R)esults
 - What did you find?
- (a)nd (D)iscussion
 - What does it all mean?
 - Typically: answer questions, discuss generalizations & limitations

More information on IMRAD...

- *How prevalent are IMRAD papers? Very...*
Sollaci et al. (2004). The introduction, methods, results, and discussion (IMRAD) structure: a fifty-year survey. *J Med Libr Assoc* 92(3), 364—367.
- *Quick advice on IMRAD contents...*
Aggarwal (2004). *IMRAD: What goes into each section?* (slides). http://www.jpgmonline.com/documents/author/24/2_Aggarwal_10.pdf

From IMRAD to IDMRAD...

- Abstract
 - Summarize I, D, M, R and D of paper
- (I)ntroduction
 - Why would anyone want to read this paper?
 - What questions will be addressed?
- (D)ata
 - What dataset was used for this study?
 - Typically: Variable definitions, sample size, quick summaries and initial descriptive EDA
- (M)ethods
 - What did you do, to address these questions?
- (R)esults
 - What did you find?
- (a)nd
- (D)iscussion
 - What does it all mean?
 - Typically: answer questions, discuss generalizations & limitations
- Technical Appendix
 - Technical details of carrying out the (M)ethods

The Technical Appendix

- Most statistics papers are based on lots of technical analysis.
 - Most readers of the main paper won't want to see all the details, but some (me!) will want to know that you handled the details well.
 - A technical appendix is a good place to collect together the analyses that contributed to the main paper, **in the order they will be presented in the paper.**
 - NOT the order in which you did the analyses!!
 - Don't include lots of analyses not mentioned in the paper.
 - The paper can and should cite sections of the appendix to show reader where the details are, for the interested reader.
 - Do include text and comments in the appendix explaining why you did the analyses you did.
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Menu Pricing in New York City

- Example in Sheather, pp. 5—7.
- Three “papers” based on this example
 - **IMRAD paper using only EDA:**
Junker, B. (2018). *Menu pricing for a new Italian Restaurant in New York City.*
 - **IDMRAD paper using only EDA:**
Junker, B. (2020a). *Menu pricing for a new Italian Restaurant in New York City. (Version 1)*
 - **IDMRAD paper with EDA, regression analysis, and technical appendix:**
Junker, B. (2020b). *Menu pricing for a new Italian Restaurant in New York City. (Version 2)*

Citations and References: ASA Style!

- See “Reference Citations” and “The Reference List” in <http://amstat.tfjournals.com/asa-style-guide/>

Berk, K. N. (1978), “Comparing Subset Regression Procedures,” *Technometrics*, 20, 1-6.

Bowman, M. J., and Myers, R. G. (1967), “Schooling Experience and Gains and Losses in Human Capital Through Migration” (with comments), *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, 62, 875-898.

Dixon, W. J. (ed.) (1983), *BMDP Statistical Software (Vol. 1, 3rd ed.)*, Berkeley, CA: University of California Press.

Efron, B., and Morris, C. (1977), Comment on “A Simulation Study of Alternative to Least Squares,” by H. Clark and T. Schwisow, *The American Statistician*, 72, 102-109.

- I usually omit the quotes... Otherwise use this style!
- Other examples in my Menu Pricing papers...

General Organizational Advice¹...

Table 1. A summary of the ten rules and how to tell if they are being violated.

Rule	Sign it is violated
1: Focus on one big idea	Readers cannot give 1-sentence summary.
2: Write for naive humans	Readers do not “get” the paper.
3: Use context, content, conclusion structure	Readers ask why something matters or what it means.
4: Optimize logical flow	Readers stumble on a small section of the text.
5: Abstract: Compact summary of paper	Readers cannot give the “elevator pitch” of your work after reading it.
6: Introduction: Why the paper matters	Readers show little interest in the paper.
7: Results: Why the conclusion is justified	Readers do not agree with your conclusion.
8: Discussion: Preempt criticism, give future impact	Readers are left with unanswered criticisms and/or questions on their mind.
9: Allocate time wisely (Title, abstract, figures & outlining)	Readers struggle to understand your central contribution despite your having worked hard.
10: Iterate the story (get feedback, revise and refine)	The paper’s contribution is rejected by test readers, editors, or reviewers.

<https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pcbi.1005619.t001>

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