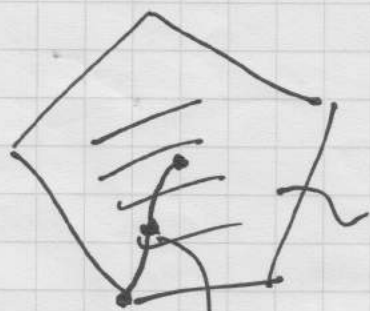


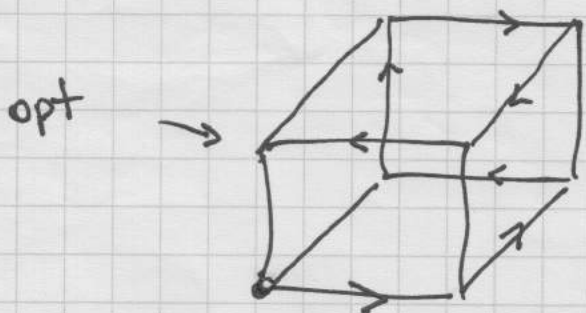
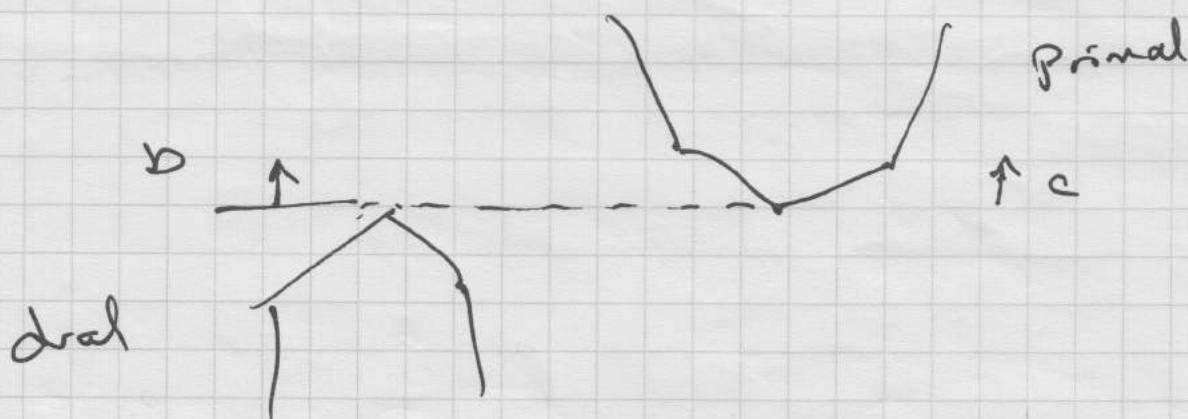


$$\{x: h(x) \leq 0, Ax=b\}$$

$$x^*(t) = \argmin_{Ax=b} f(x) + \phi(x)$$

Pf of weak duality thm:

$$\begin{aligned} c^T x - b^T y &= (A^T y + s)^T x - (Ax)^T y \\ &= s^T x \geq 0. \end{aligned}$$



Primal LP

$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & c^T x \\ & Ax = b \\ & x \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Barrier problem

$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & c^T x - \tau \sum \log x_j \\ & Ax = b \end{aligned}$$

Dual LP

$$\begin{aligned} \max \quad & b^T y \\ & A^T y + s = c \\ & s \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \max \quad & b^T y + \tau \sum \log s_j \\ & A^T y + s = c \end{aligned}$$

Observe: Take the dual of first problem:

$$L(x, y) = c^T x - \tau \sum \log x_j + y^T (b - Ax)$$

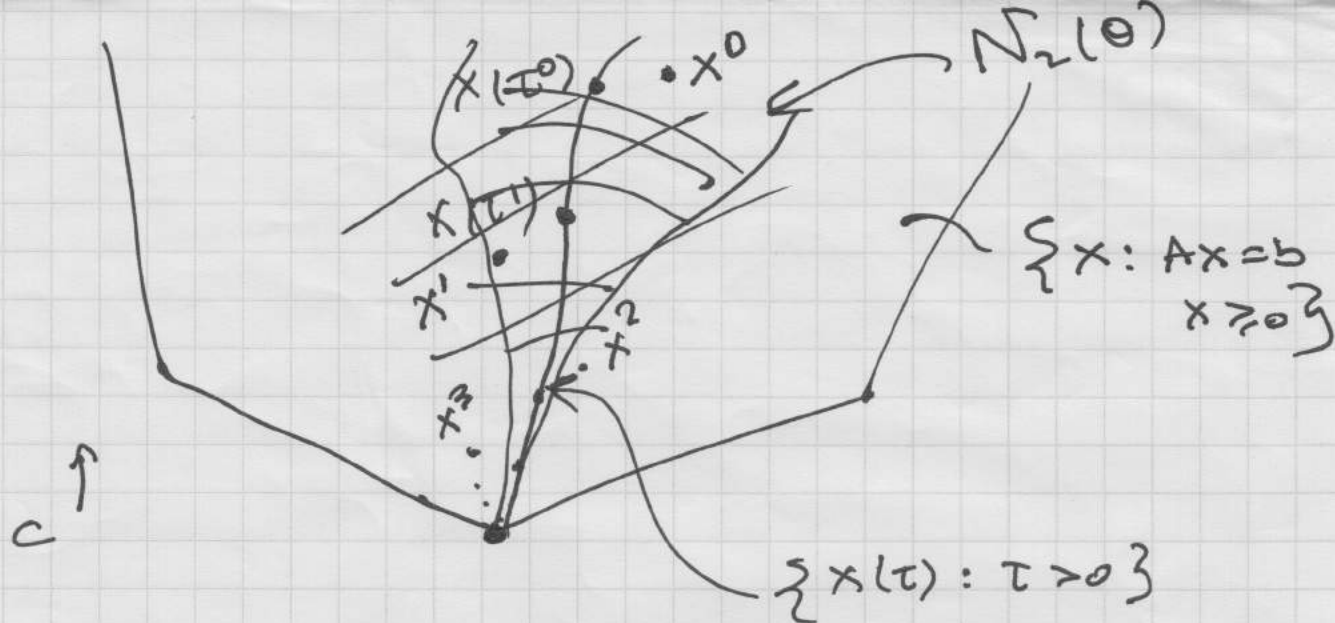
dual: objective: $\max_x L(x, y) \leftarrow$ finite if only

$$L(x, y) = \underbrace{(c - A^T y)^T x}_{s \geq 0} - \tau \sum \log x_j + b^T y$$

$$= \sum s_j x_j - \tau \sum \log x_j + b^T y$$

$$\begin{aligned} \leadsto \min_x L(x, y) &= n\tau - \tau \sum \log \frac{\tau}{s_j} + b^T y \\ &= n\tau - n\tau \log \tau + b^T y + \tau \sum \log s_j \end{aligned}$$

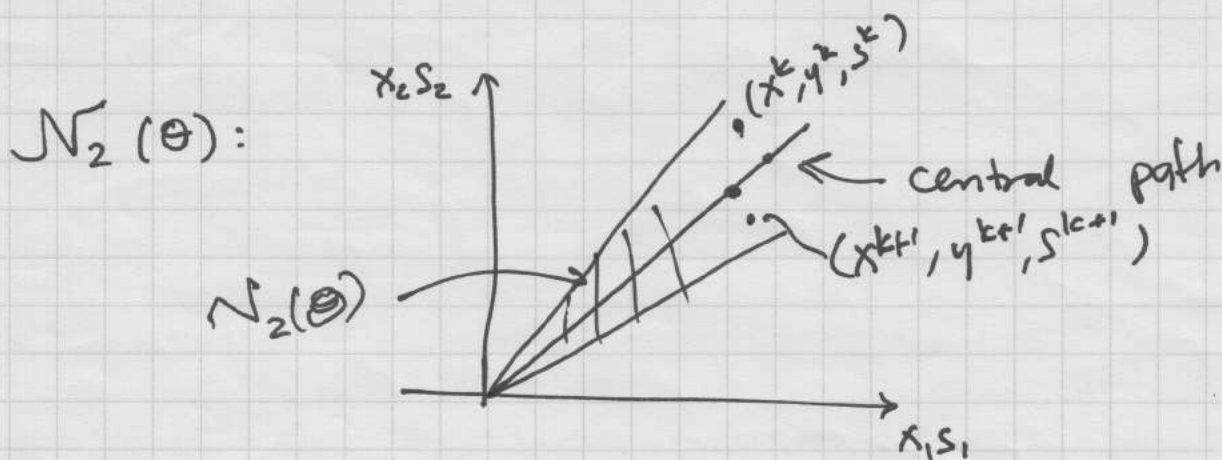
$$\min_{x_j} s_j x_j - \tau \log x_j \leftarrow \text{attained @ } x_j = \frac{\tau}{s_j}$$

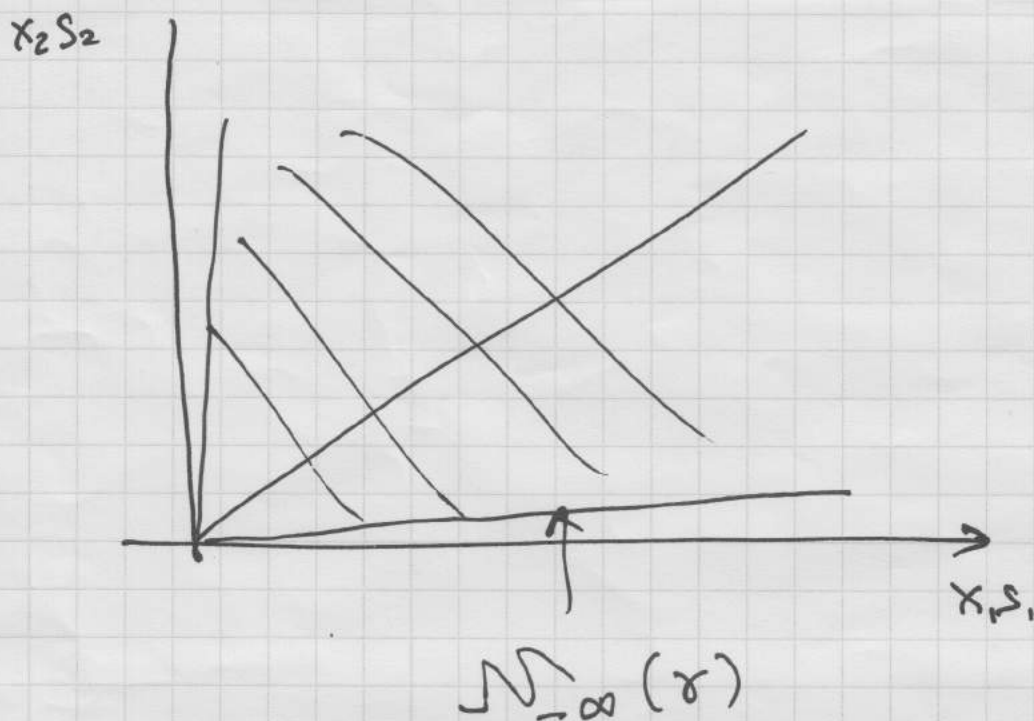


Neat Fact: $\mathcal{F}^0$

$$(x, y, s) \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} x_1 s_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n s_n \end{pmatrix} = X S \mathbf{1}$$

Observe: If $(x, y, s) \in \mathcal{F}^0 \Rightarrow c^T x - b^T y = s^T x = n \mu(x, s)$





To ensure
$$\frac{\theta^2 + \delta^2}{2^{3/2}(1-\theta)} \leq \left(1 - \frac{\delta}{\sqrt{5}}\right) \theta$$

can choose eg $\theta = \delta = 0.4$

$$x^+ = x^{k+1}, \quad y^+ = y^{k+1}, \quad s = s^{k+1}, \quad x^k = x, \text{ etc.}$$

~~###~~

$$x^+ = x + \Delta x \quad y^+ = y + \Delta y \quad s^+ = s + \Delta s$$

$$Ax^+ = Ax + A\Delta x = b + 0 = b \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{likewise} \quad A^T y^+ + s^+ = A^T y + s + A^T \Delta y + \Delta s = c + 0 = c \quad \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^+ s^{+\top} &= (x + \Delta x)(s + \Delta s)^{\top} \\ &= \underbrace{x \Delta s + s \Delta x}_{\tau \top + x \cancel{s \top}} + \Delta x \Delta s^{\top} + x s^{\top} \\ &= \tau \top + \Delta x \Delta s^{\top} + x s^{\top} \\ &= \tau \top + \Delta x \Delta s^{\top} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mu(x^+, s^+) &= \frac{1}{n} (x^+)^{\top} (s^+) = \frac{1}{n} [n\tau + \Delta x^{\top} \Delta s] \\ &= \tau + \frac{1}{n} \Delta x^{\top} \Delta s \\ &= \underbrace{\left(1 - \frac{\delta}{\sqrt{n}}\right)}_{\rightarrow 0} \mu(x, s) + \frac{1}{n} \Delta x^{\top} \Delta s \end{aligned}$$

Look at Newton Step eqns:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} A^T \Delta y + \Delta s = 0 \\ A \Delta x = 0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \overbrace{\Delta x^{\top} A^T \Delta y}^{\rightarrow 0} + \Delta x^{\top} \Delta s = 0$$

After k itns:

$$\mu(x^k, s^k) = \left(1 - \frac{\delta}{\sqrt{n}}\right)^k \mu(x^0, s^0)$$

$\leadsto$ in $O\left(\sqrt{n} \log \frac{n \mu(x^0, s^0)}{\epsilon}\right)$

get $x^k, (y^k, s^k)$ st

$$c^T x^k - b^T y^k = n \mu(x^k, s^k) \leq \epsilon.$$